# The Rutherford Star.

"BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT AND THEN GO AHEAD."—DAVY CROCKET.

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## A MAN AT THE DOOR.

"No tramps here," said I; and shut the door in his face. The wind blew so cold I could hardly do it, and the sleet was beating on the pane, and the bare trees were groaning and moaning as if they suffered in the storm. "No tramps here, I'm a lone woman, and I am afraid of 'em."

Then the man I hadn't seen for the dark went away from the door—champ champ, came through the slush, and I heard the gate creak as it always does, and then champ, champ, came the man back again, and then he knocked on the door—knocked not so hard as before—and I opened it hot and angry. This time *I* saw his face, a pale ghost of a face, with yellow brown hair, cropped close, and starting blue eyes, and he put his hand against the door and held it open.

"How far is it to the next house, ma'am?" said he.

"Three miles or more," said I. "And that's not a tavern?"

"No," said I, "we drinks to be got there; it's Miss Mitten's and she is as set against tramps as I am."

"I don't want to drink," said the man. "But I do want food. You need'nt be afraid to let me in ma'am. I've been wounded and not able to walk far, and my clothes are thin; it's bitter cold.—I've been trying to get to my parents at Greenbank, where I can rest until I am better, and all my money was stolen from me three days ago. You needn't be afraid, just let me lie before the fire, and only give me a crust to keep me from starving and the Lord will bless you for it."

And then he looked at me with his mild blue eyes in a way that would have me do it, if it had'nt been that I had seen so much of these imposters. The war was just over, and every beggar that came along said he was a soldier travelling home, and had been wounded and robbed. One that I had been fool enough to help, limped away out of sight, as he thought and then, for I was at the garret window, shouldered his crutches and tramped it with the strongest.

"No doubt your pocket is full of money," said I, "and you only want a chance to rob and murder me. Go away with you."

Drucilla, that's my niece, was baking short cakes in the kitchen. Just then she came to the door and motioned with her lips to me. "Do let him stay, aunty," and if I hadn't had good sense I might, but I knew better than a child of sixteen.

"Go away with you," says I louder than before. "I won't have this any longer."

And he gave me a kind of a groan, and took his hand from the latch, and champ, champ, through the frozen snow again; and I thought him gone, when there was once more, hardly with a knock at all—a faint touch like a child's now.

And when I opened the door he came quite in, and stood leaning on his cane, pale as a ghost, his eyes bigger than ever.

"Well, of all impudence!" said I.

He looked at me and said: "Madam, I have a mother in Greenbank. I want to live to see her. I shall not if I try to go further to-night."

"They all want to see their mothers," said I, and just then it came to my mind that I hoped my son Charles, who had been a soldier—an officer he had got to be, mind—wanted to see his, and would soon.

"I have been wounded you see," said he.

"Don't go a shewing me your hurts," said I; "they buy them, so they told me, to go begging with now. I read the papers, *I* tell ye, and I'm principled, so's our clergyman, agin giving anything unless it's through some well organized society. Tramps are my abomination, and as for keeping you all night, you can't expect that of decent folks—go!"

Drucilla came to the door and said, "let him stay, aunty," with her lips again, but I took no notice.

So he went this time, and did not come back; and I sat down by the fire and listened to the wind and sleet, and felt the warm fire, and smelt the baking cakes and the apples stewing, and the tea drawing on the kitchen stove; and I ought to have been very comfortable, but I wasn't.—Something seemed tugging at my heart all the time.

I gave the fire a poke, and lit another candle to cheer myself by, and I went to my work basket to get the sock I had been knitting for my Charlie; and as I went to get it I saw something lying on the floor. I picked it up. It was an old tobacco pouch, ever so much like the one I gave Charlie, with fringe around it, and written on it in ink, "B. F. to R. H.," and inside was a bit of tobacco and an old pipe, and a letter; and when I spread it out I saw at the top: "My dear son." I knew the beggar must have dropped it, and my heart gave one big thump as though it had turned into a hammer.

Perhaps the story was true and he had a mother. I shivered all over, and the fire and the candles and the nice comfortable smell might not have been at all, I was so cold and wretched.

And over and over again I had to say to myself what I had heard our pastor say so often, "Never give anything to chance beggars my dear friend; always bestow your alms on worthy persons, through well organized societies," before I could get a bit of comfort. And what an old fool I was to cry, I thought, when I found my cheek wet.

But I did not cry long, for as I sat there, hark and crash and jingling came a sleigh over the road, and stopped at our gate, and I heard my Charlie's voice crying, "Hallo, mother!" And out I went to the door and had him in my arms, my great, tall, handsome, brown son. And there he was in his uniform, with his pretty shoulder straps and hearty as if he had never been through any hardships. He had to leave me to put his horse up, and then I had by the fire again, my own boy. And Drucilla who had been up stairs and crying—why I wonder—came down in a flutter—for they were like brother and sister—and he kissed her, and she kissed him, and then away she went to set the table, and the nice hot things smoked on a cloth as white as snow; and how Charley enjoyed them! But once in the midst of all, I felt a frightened feeling come over me, and I know'd I'd turned pale for Drucilla said, "what is the matter, Aunt Fairfax?"

I said "nothing," but it was this:—Kind O, like the ghost of a step, going champ, champ over the frozen snow; kind o'like the ghost of a voice saying, "Let me lie on the floor before your fire and give me any kind of a crust;" kind o'like seeing some one who had a mother, dropping down on the wintry road, and freezing and starving to death there.—That was what it was but I put it away, and only thought of Charley.

We drew up together by the fire when tea was done, and he told us things about the war I'd never heard before. How the soldiers suffered, and what weary marches and short rations they sometimes had. And he told how his life had been set upon and he was badly wounded; and how, at the risk of his own life, a fellow soldier had saved him, and carried him away fighting his path back to camp.

"I'd never have seen you but for him," says my Charley. "And if there's a man on earth I love, it is Bob Hadaway—the dearest, best fellow. We've shared each other's rations, and drank from the same canteen many a time; and if I ever had a brother, I couldn't think more of him."

"Why don't you bring him home to see your mother, Charley?" said I.

"Why, I'd love him too, and anything I could do for him the man who saved my boy's life, couldn't be enough. Send for him Charley." But Charley shook his head, and covered his face with his hands.

"Mother," said he, "I don't know whether Bob Hadaway is alive or dead to day. While I was still in the ranks he was taken prisoner. And the prisons are poor places to live in, mother. I'd give my right hand to be able to do him any good; but I can find no trace of him. And he has a mother, too; she lives at Greenbank—poor old lady. My dear, good noble Bob, the preserver of my life!" And I saw Charley crying.

Not to let us see the tears, he got up and went to the mantlepiece. I did not look around until I heard a cry.

"Great Heavens! what is that?" As I turned Charley had a tobacco pouch the man had dropped, in his hand.

"Where did this come from?" said he, "I feel as though I had seen a ghost. I gave this to Bob Hadaway the day he saved me. We had not much to give, you know, and he vowed never to part with it while he lived. How did it come, mother?" I fell back in my chair white and cold, and said I, "A wandering tramp left it here, never your Bob, my dear; never your Bob. He must have been an imposter. I would not turn away a person in want; oh no, no, no; it is another pouch child, not that, or he stole it. A tall fellow with blue eyes and yellow brown hair wounded, he said, and going to see his mother at Greenbank. Not your Bob."

And Charley stood starting at me with clenched hands; and said he, "it was my Bob it was my dear old Bob who saved my life and you have driven him out in such a night as this, mother, my mother, to use Bob so."

"Curse me, Charley"? said I, curse me if you like; I'm afraid God will. Three times he asked only for a crust and a place to lie, and I drove him away. I—and he's lying on the road now. Oh, i I had known! oh if I had known!"

And Charley caught up his hat. "I'll find him if he's alive," said he. "Oh Bob my dear friend!"

And then I never saw the girl in such a hurry—down went Drucilla on her kneef as if she was saying her prayers, and says she, "Thank God I dared to do it!" and says she to me "O, aunt, I've been trembling with fright, not knowing what you'd say to me. I took him in the kitchen way, I could not see him so faint, hungry and wounded, and I put him in the spare chamber over the parlor, and I've been so frightened all the while."

"Lord bless you," said Charley.

"Amen!" says I. And she getting bolder, went on: "And I took him up hot short cake, and apple sauce and tea," says she, "and I took him a candle, and a hot brick for his feet, and told him to eat and go to bed in the best chamber, Aunt Fairfax, with the white counterpane.

After this Charley, not being ungrateful or poor helped Bob into business.—And he got over his wounds at last, and grew as handsome as a picture, and that day one again was married to Drucilla.

"I'd give you anything I have," said I, "and I wont refuse Drucilla," when he asked me, telling me he loved her ever since she was so kind to him on the night I've told you of.

And Charley is to stand up with them and I'm to give Drucilla away, and Bob's sister is to be bridesmaid, and I have a guess that some day Charley will bring her home to me to Drucilla's place.

I don't drive beggars away now as I used to, and no doubt I'm imposed upon, but this is what I say, "Better to be imposed upon always than to be cruel to one who really needs help." And I've read my bible more of late and know who says: "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, ye have done it unto me."

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*"I said I would take the resolutions if they would allow me to add but three words, which you will find embodied in the plat form, I added this: 'AND WE DECLARE THAT THE RECONSTRUCTION ACTS ARE REVOLUTIONARY, UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND VOID,' when I proposed that, every single member of the Committee, and the warmest men in it, were the men of the North.--came forward and said they would carry it out to the end."*—WADE HAMPTON on the 4th of July, New York Nullifiers Convention.

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At last we have the official reports of the Camilla massacre, concerning which so much has been said. We ask readers to compare them with THE TRIBUNE'S accounts. It is now established, by official reports and sworn evidence, that the Republicans were entering Camilla in peaceable procession! that they were only armed as everybody in that country is armed; that they made no threats and expected no trouble; that they were first told they could not hold their meeting in Camilla, and then were fired upon when they entered; that they were wholly unprepared for any attack; that they were mercilessly butchered and pursued miles from the town; that no inquest was held over the corpses thus scattered through their streets and about the country, and that to this day the civil authorities of Camillahave taken no steps to punish the murderers. These were the statements made by THE TRIBUNE and denied by Mr. *B. H.* Hill at the time; these are the facts now established by the official reports.

Freemen of Pennsylvania Ohio, and Indiana! you are about to pass verdict on the authors of this massacre. Shall the Camilla rioters be encouraged to fresh outbreaks by your voice next Tuesday? Shall the murders of Mitchell County receive such sanction as to insure their repetition in all parts of the South? Shall the erect and hissing Rebels, whom Frank Blair's words have warmed into virulence, be encouraged to disperse the carpet-bag State governments, reoganize their own government and elect Senators and Represenatives?" Shall the bloodshed of Camilla spread and make permanent the existing desolation? or shall restored order and assured government bring revival of industry and general prosperity? Shall we have war or peace? Remember, Camilla will bear the answer your, ballots give next Tuesday as distinctly as Philadelphia or Cincinnati.—*Tribune.*

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*"There is but one way to restore the Government and the Constitution; and that is for the President elect to declare these* (reconstruction) *acts null and void, compel the army to undo its usurpations at the South, disperse the carpet-bag State government, allow the* ***white*** *people to reorganize their own governments, and elect Senators and Representatives."*—BLAIR'S LETTER.

## The New Rebellion.

There was, some years ago, in India, a tribe since put down by the strong hand of the Government. The hereditary business of this Oriental Ku-Klux Klan was homicide, and robbery was its constant recreation.—It waylaid unsuspecting travelers, and having knocked them on the head, or strangled or stabbed them, it concluded by rifling their carpet-bags. These pleasing professors of the Fine Art of Murder, although extremely enthusiastic, and even frantically devoted to their trade, did not publish a newspaper; and in this respect the Thugs of Alabama are rather in advance of their Eastern prototypes, being, indeed, the first organization of banded murderers in the world which has arrived at the dignity of an organ.—*The Tuscaloosa* (Ala.) *Monitor* (R. Randolph, Editor) is a curiosity in its way, and is just the journal which the East India Thugs would have printed, if they had printed any journal at all. We must premise of this agreeable sheet that it proudly bears the names of Blair and Seymour at the head of its homicidal and incendiary columns. It openly avows that should these persons be elected to the places for which they have been nominated by the "Democratic" Convention, the work of wholesale lynching at the South will begin. In order that there may be no mistake about the methods to be employed (as the editor is pleased to say) "on the Fourth of March, 1869," *The Monitor* gives a rude wood engraving in which two "carpet baggers" are represented suspended by the neck from a tree, with the legend, "Hang, curs, hang!" The genial Randolph adds: "The unprecedented reaction is moving on with the swiftness of a velocipede, with the violence of a tornado, with the crash of an avalanche, sweeping negroism from the face of the earth. The happy day of reckoning with these white-cuticle scoundrels approacheth rapidly.—Each and every one who has so unblushingly essayed to lower the Caucasian to a degree even beneath the African race, will be regarded as *hostis sui generis*, and be dealt with accordingly, if found hereabout when the time is ripe for action." *The Monitor* is good enough to give us a particular description of the *modus operandi*, as follows:

"We candidly believe that the picture, given to our readers *ut supra*, correctly represents the attitude and altitude of all foreign and domestic foes of our land who still have the folly to remain 'down South' after the ides of March. The contract for hanging will be given to the negro, who, having mounted the carpet-bagger and scalawag on the mule that he *didn't* draw at the elections, will tie them to a limb, and, leading the said mule from under them, over the *forty acres of ground* that he also didn't get, will leave the vagabonds high in mid-air, a feast for anthropophagous vermin.

"P. S.—It will be seen that there is room left on the limb for the suspension of any bad Grant negro who may be found at the propitious moment."

After this exhilarating description, which is very much aided by the wood-cut above mentioned, *The Monitor* calls the public attention to "a Scalawag Justice of the Peace named A. H. Sealy of Hickman's Beat," who has "discharged a rascally negro from custody," and "suggests that Sealy and Jack (the negro discharged) be turned over to the mercies of a Ku-Klux Klan, or some other good society protectorate." This mild hint to a band of bravos to commit only a couple of murders comes, it must be remembered, from a sheet enthusiastically devoted to the election of Horatio Seymour, and which proposes after his inauguration, on the 4th of March prox., to hang without judge or jury all Republicans, including "any bad Grant negro who may be found at the propitious moment."

In order to prove that these ruffians are perfectly capable of executing the atrocities which they recommend in a public journal, it is enough to show, by their own exultant confessions, that they have already executed the like. Thus, *The Monitor* says: "Five notoriously bad negroes were found swinging by the necks to limbs in the woods of Colbert County, a few days since. *They had been guilty of making threats against the whites.*" If threats were a capital offense, pray how long would "R. Randolph, Editor," escape strangulation? Here is another specimen of *The Monitor's* persuasive ways:

"Scalawag Cloud of Montgomery, and carpet-bagger Lakin of Nowhere, arrived here Thursday. Cloud, the Radical Jockey, comes as trainer of Lakin, the negro-loving jackass. The one is a long, slim creature of the *natrix* kind; the other is a stout, pursy reptile of the genus *batrachia*. Both would make first-rate hemp-stretchers. For further information they may regard the wood-cut elsewhere. Next week we will give a more elaborate description of the *varmints*. We would not take a good deal for this fresh game."

Here follows the promised description of "the varmints:"

"Lakin and Cloud, poor devils! visibly shook in their shoes while here. The zig-zag manner in which their noisome names were registered at the hotel indicate great tremor of the fingers. Every fellow they met on the streets appeared, to their alarmed fancies and guilty consciences, to be Ku-Kluxes in disguise. Now and then, as they would pass by a crowd, some cruel man would give an unearthly yell, that made the round-bellied ignoramus Lakin fairly shake from fright, 'like a bowl of jelly.' It was our desire to have these unworthies stay here at least a week or two, so as to provide us with 'food for sport.' They have departed hence forever.

"'Thro' the world
A curse will follow them like the black plague,
Tracking their footsteps ever—day and night,
Morning and eve, Summer and Winter—ever."

This is the style in which this unflinching supportor of Blair and Seymour proposes to inaugurate a peace after the election of those worthy gentlemen. It will be indeed a peace which surpasseth all understanding.

It appears that this Alabama paper, which is ready to hang "any Grant negro who may be found at the propitious moment," has not the least objection to Blair and Seymour negroes, as witness the following affectionate advertisement printed in its columns:

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR BARBECUE AND PUBLIC SPEAKING!

At the University grounds, near the city of Tuscaloosa, on Saturday, the 19th of September, 1868. Everybody invited, both white and black. Persons wishing to subscribe either money or provisions will please call on John Glascock, Esq.

This is an odd way of "sweeping negroism from off the face of the earth," which, in another place, R. Randolph, Editor, threatens to do "with the swiftness of a velocipede and with the violence of a tornado." These slight inconsistencies occur in the very same issue. In one part of the paper the negro is invited to come to a Seymour barbecue, and to partake freely of roast pig and whiskey; and cheek by jowl with this hospitable overture is a threat to sweep all Blacks "from off the face of the earth." This is to welcome the coming and speed the parting guest with a vengeance. In one column *The Monitor* says: "We contend that White men must rule America; and whilst willing to have negroes protected from cruelty and injustice, we at the same time are not willing to place them on a footing, political or social, with the descendants of Adam." In another column, "Every body is invited, *both Black and White*," to attend a Blair and Seymour Barbecue!—Unfortunately, "the five negroes" who were hung in Colbert County, "for making threats against the Whites," were not able to be present at the Tuscaloosa Barbecue to swell the exultant, heaven-reaching shout for Blair and Seymour. The prudent artisan named in the following paragraph from *The Monitor* was no doubt present and "hollered" for Blair and Seymour enthusiastically:

"JIMMY NORRIS—Makes the prettiest and best boot we ever saw. He goes for the Seymour and Blair ticket, and is every way worthy of patronage."

We do not know that it is necessary to give any further extracts from this lovely and amiable Seymour publication, although we might continue them at considerable length from the material before us. *The World*, on the 30th ult., was kind enough to criticise, with its usual suavity, what it is pleased to call THE TRIBUNE'S "manufacture of Rebel outrages," and to laugh at our "dreadful stories of murder and rebellion," which it termed "contributions to popular misinformation." With the view of promoting the daily recreations of this facetious journal, we have ventured upon the foregoing extracts from a Southern newspaper devoted to the cause of Mr. Seymour. We trust that we have thus improved upon *The World's* advice to us, "to go back to our own files, and reproduce the Kansas bloody shirts of 1856." *The Tuscaloosa Monitor* (Blair and Seymour) must be much better authority than THE TRIBUNE can pretend to be in the office of *The World.*—*New York Tribune.*

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*Be it remembered by the voters of the 7th Congressional District, That PLATO DURHAM, the Rebel candidate for Congress, voted to raise* $548,784, *of taxes more than was necessary to defray the expenses of the State Government.* This is where your *high taxes* comes from.

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THE WAY IT WORKS.—Democratic orators and Democratic papers are strenuous in assuring the colored people that the only way in which they can secure peace, obtain their rights and avoid being cheated by wicked "carpet-baggers" is to vote for their best "friends," the Democrats.

Well, a short time ago, some of the colored people of Georgia—some fifteen or twenty thousand—took this advice and voted the Democratic ticket, and what was the result? Why, the Democratic members elected by colored votes uniting with their brother Democrats, turned all the colored members out of the Legislature; declared all colored men ineigible to office, and even deprived them of the right to sit on juries.

Well may the colored men exclaim "save us from our (best) friends."

From this disgraceful outrage in Georgia the colored men of this State can draw the following rules:

To be turned out of the Legislature—vote the Democratic ticket.

To be declared incapable of holding office—vote the Democratic ticket.

To be driven from the jury box—vote the Democratic ticket.

To be deprived of every right of citizenship, which Congress and the Republican party has bestowed upon him, and to be reduced again to practical slavery—VOTE THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

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*"We will make the condition of the Republican Party, when we get in power, more intolerable than it was for the inhabitants of Sodom and Gomorrow."*—Z. B. VANCE, at the March Democratic Convention.

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Who murdered Dock Hampton? Democrats.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

### Mr. Colfax at Indianapolis—A Brief, but Stirring and Effective Speech—Reception at the Rink.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 4.—The Indianapolis battalion of Fighting Boys in Blue waited on Mr. Colfax last Saturday evening, at the residence of Theodore P. Haughey, Esq. The distinguished Indianian was introduced by William Wallace, amid tremendous cheering, and spoke as follows:

"FELLOW-CITIZENS:—I came here to-day with a broken voice and exhausted strength, to visit some friends of mine, and perhaps, to say a few words during the coming week to the citizens of Indianapolis. I thank you with all the warm emotions of a grateful heart, for the kind and enthusiastic manner in which you have surprised me by this welcome on my return to the capitol of our State. I expect to speak to you on Monday evening next—if health and strength shall permit—at some length, and shall not, therefore, detain you long by any remarks to-night. I can, however, congratulate those whose hearts are warm with devotion to the noblest cause that was ever advocated in any land beneath the circle of the sun, those who advocate the patriotic and noble principles of the Republican party, on the auspicious indications of the magnificent triumph that awaits them in November next. [Cheers.]

Never in my life have I felt more faith, as well as hope, in the success of a cause in which I was engaged, than I have felt and now feel in the success of that cause whose canvass is drawing toward its close. [Cheers.] You are destined—you who stand by our noble and God-given principles, the principles of justice, of Liberty, of humanity, of loyalty and of peace—to win a victory that will eclipse in brilliancy all the glorious triumphs that we have won in the past. [Cheers.]

Behold how brightly does the morning dawn! The light, after the darkness of the night, always comes to us from the east; and now turn your eyes thitherward; you see the heavens flaming with the glory that awaits us. That Providence that watched over our land in its darkest hours—that Providence which has brought us, as a nation, safely through the most nefarious and wicked rebellion that the world has ever known—that Providence does not intend to surrender the country into the hands of the men who sought with their traitorous hands to take the nation's life. [Never.]

A short time ago you were listening for the first responses the people should make to the questions involved in the political campaign. The first response that came was from the State of New Hampshire. We are told that there was a great reaction in the public mind, which was to drive the party of liberty, of patriotism, of humanity, and of justice from power; but when the response came from New Hampshire, what was it?—As you bent your ear to the ground and listened, it was: "Tramp, tramp, tramp, the boys are marching." [Cheers.]

The next response came from the State of Vermont, where it did not require half of our Republican strength to gain the victory. The loyal, true-hearted Republicans of that State, though they knew that victory was easy and sure, yet, in order to show their devotion to the cause of their country and of humanity, and their sympathy for the men who laid down their lives to crush treason, so that it might never again raise its wicked head in this fair land of ours they went to the polls as one man, and when you listened to the response that came from Vermont, it was still "Tramp, tramp, tramp, the boys are marching."—marching to victory. [Cheers.]

They told us there was a wonderful reaction in that old Democratic State of Maine, which was to show the decline of the Republican cause. But when again you bent your ear to the ground, and listened for the response which you were told was to be the presage to defeat and disaster, it was still, "tramp, tramp, tramp, the boys are marching"—marching to put down treason with the ballot, as they put down treason with the bullet. [Cheers.]

You will hear it again. The boys are still marching on—marching steadily against the enemies of their country—marching against rebels and traitors, and all those who struck hands with the men who sought to destroy their country. That march will not cease until it ends in complete and glorious victory. [Cheers.]

Why will we [illegible] gle? Because we are faithful to the memory of the noble and cherished dead, faithful to those who died that with their heart's blood they might extinguish the fires of treason, never to be rekindled upon American soil. The South is billowed with the graves of the martyrs, and over their sacred mound the men whose treason they give their lives to put down, are again striving to rais the standard of rebellion. But those who have survived, faithful to the memory of those who fell—soldier and civilian, joining hands together—have determind that nowhere in this land, above the grave where a patriot soldier sleeps, shall a traitor dare to mouth his wicked treason again. [Applause.]

We are going to have peace, because we will have loyalty triumphant. We are going to have peace, because we are going to have rebellion stricken down wherever it dares to raise its serpent head. We are going to have peace, because we will have a President presiding over the destinies of the nation who, with the strong arm so the power given him by the people, will strike down any man, or set of men, that shall dare to molest or make afraid an American citizen for his devotion to the Union, no matter if he be the poorest or richest in the land. [Cheers.]

And now, as I am about to bid you good night, let me change somewhat the serious character of these remarks to something more appropriate to this beautiful eve, the brilliant scene before me, and the happy circumstances by which we are surrounded. I will tell you a story of some time since, which will be found to have an application [illegible]

In the earlier history of this country, when the militia used to meet for training purposes, a young man who attended the training for the first time in his life, was more heroic by far in ramming the cartriges into his gun than in firing them off, and by the time he started for home he had sixteen charges in his musket. His mother asked him if he had attended the training, and he told her he had. "Did you fire any?" "No!" said he. "You were too much of a coward; give me your gun." She took the musket and fired it off, and as you will readily imagine, as the charge went off at one end the old lady went down to her back at the other. Said the young man to her, "Lie still, mammy, there are fifteen more to come yet." [Laughter.]

Our Democratic friends have heard from New Hampshire; they have heard from Main, and like the old lady of my story they had better lie still. There are fifteen more to come yet. [Laughter and cheers.]

Again, I congratulate you on the triumph which certainly awaits you in November, and thanking you again for this greeting I bid you good night.

Mr. Colfax, after the crowd had dispersed, went to the rink to witness the representation of the "Drummer boy of Shiloh." A suddent burst of applause greeted him as he entered, and lasted for some minutes, during which the performance of the play was necessarily suspended. After the close of the representation the audience called him out, and, notwithstanding his evident reluctance, he was compelled to come upon the platform. His few remarks were as follows:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—It is scarcely fitting that one whose sphere of duty has been in civil life should stand at this moment upon the board on which, by the very soldiers who periled their lives for the salvation of this Republic, you have seen portrayed and reproduced the stirring scenes of camp life, the privations and dangers and perils of the battle-field, the storm of shot and shell, and flame, amid which they fought so bravely for the country; the misery and sufferings they endured for us at Andersonville, where the groans of the wounded and starving prisoners echoed around the civilized world, and filled it with horror; and the final and glorius consummation of a nation saved by the sacrifices made by its heroic defenders. I have witnessed these scenes to night with an interest shared with you, because acted by the very men who mingled in these stirring and eventful scene of camp and field. I shall speak to you on Monday evening next, but to night my heart is too full of these thoughts, that spring up in the mind when we remember the four years conflict by which treason was crushed in our land. By the sacrifice we have seen portrayed—by the blood of the sainted dead—by all the solemn memories that rise before us to-night—let us be faithful to the brave boys who gave their lives so willingly that never again should treason attempt to regain [illegible] I can add no more. But thank you for the compliment you have paid me.

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*"The spirit of Wilkes Booth still lives thank God! Therefore, take courage, Seymour, Blair, and the revival of the great cause is the motto of every true man!"*—PINE BLUFF (ARK.) VINDICATOR.

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### Southern Murders.

*The World* thus moralizes over the late massacre at Camilla, Georgia, and other outrages at the South:

"The 'Rebels' of the South have everything to lose and nothing to gain by an 'outrage'—the Radical leaders everything to gain and nothing to lose. Who, then, is the more likely to act the aggressor? Let the reader carefully revolve this subject; let him consider that every 'outrage' heretofore has been profitable to that party, and unprofitable to the South, and he cannot but see where the guilt of these things lies."

"The Rebels of the South have everything to lose and nothing to gain by an 'outrage,'" *when they are its guilty authors*, and in no other case. *The World* assumes that a majority of the voters in the Free States are Democrats; and it pretends that its own circulation is equal to that of THE TRIBUNE. It is very certain that, through ours and other journals the whole truth comes to light. These "outrages" can only damage the Rebels by inducing Northern citizens otherwise inclined to the Democrats to vote with the Republicans. That is the precise way—the only way—in which the Rebels "lose" by said "outrages." And they could not so lose if the candid did not see that the Rebels were the guilty aggressors.

*The World* understands this whole matter perfectly. It knows that the one question that now distracts the South and disturbs the National peace is—"Shall Blacks be allowed to vote at elections?" The Rebels are determined that they shall not—that the acts of Congress which made them voters shall be subverted, and Frank Blair foreshadowed in the letter that gave him the Democratic nomination for Vice-President; and the loyal Four Millions thus remanded into nonentity and vassalage. In strict accordance with this programme, the Rebels of Mitchell County determined that the Republican candidates for Congress and Elector should not speak at their county seat, Camilla, as they had announced their intention to do; and when the day came and the speakers, with a band and procession, they ambushed, fired upon and butchered as many of them as possible, hunting and shooting the fugitives for hours. All who have read both stories know that this is the substantial truth, and that it is a natural, necessary result of the doctrine held by *The World*, by Seymour, and by the Democratic party generally, that "niggers" have no right to vote, and that it is presumption and usurpation on their part to attempt it. If Frank Blair is a statesman, then then the Rebel murderers at Camilla were patriots; and their action was far more justifiable than that of Seymour's "friends" in this City in burning a Colored Orphan Asylum and hanging or roasting "niggers" who were not even accused of carrying a pen-knife. It is the devilish spirit of Caste—the notion that one man, because he is White, has a right to domineer over another because he is Black—that is at the bottom of all these crimes and outrages, and *The World* knows it.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

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*"The cause for which Jackson* (Stonewall) *and Stuart fell cannot be in vain, and in some form will yet triumph."*—WADE HAMPTON at Gen. Lee's College, in Virginia.

# The Star.

J. B. CARPENTER, Editor.

R. W. LOGAN, Associate Editor. *

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Saturday, Oct. 24, 1868.


## National Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT.

## U. S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

## SCUYLER COLFAX,

OF INDIANA.

FOR CONGRESS.

**HON. ALEX. H. JONES.**

OF BUNCOMBE.

FOR ELECTOR,

7TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT,

W. S. PEARSON,

OF BURKE.

### Rally Republicans!!

Messrs. John B. Eaves, James M. Justice, J. Bate Carperter and perhaps other Republican speakers, will address their fellow-citizens at the following places and times where we respectfully ask a full turn out of the people.

Carpenters Store, Tues. " 27th.
Hickory Grub School House, 29th.

The Rev. D. May is respectfully invited to meet us at these appointments, where a fair division of time will be given him.

### Harrah for Grant and Colfax!!

Vermont has gone Republican.

Maine has gone Republican.

Connecticut has gone Republican.

Ohio has gone Republican.

Pennsylvania has gone Republican.

Indiana has gone Republican.

New Jersey has gone Republican.

Iowa has gone Republican.

Nebraska has gone Republican.

Kentucky has gone Democratic.

### The Elections.

The latest news gives about the following Republican majorities:

Pennsylvania, 10,000.
Ohio, 15,000.
Indiana, 1,000.
Nebraska, 2,500.

### Registration.

Up to yesterday 12 M, there had registered at this precinct 225 voters. We hope that a good many more will come forward, to day, and the Registrar authorizes us to say that he will attend at this place next Saturday. We urge it upon our friends to come forward then and register, don't wait till the election, if you do you may loose your vote, and remember that one vote might save North Carolina, to us, then don't delay, but come forward on next Saturday remember the day,

SATURDAY, 31st.

Any of our friends who live near Mr. Gibson, can register at his house, any day from now, until the election.

### A Fair Offer.

Some fool writing from Polk County, to the "Raleigh Sentinel" pledges the 7th Congressional District for Durham, by 1000 majority. Now I will bet this man Fifty Dollars that Durham will not get 1000 majority. And I will then bet him Fifty Dollars that Jones will beat Durham.

Now old "fel," if all your boasting is not gammon, to deceive the people, take me up. If it is keep your mouth shut, hereafter.

Respectfully,
A. MOONEY.

*Sentinel* please copy, and I will pay your bill if the bets are taken.

A. M.

### The Election.

Next Tuesday week is the election.—This is the last paper which will reach many of our subscribers before that important day, and we conjure our friends, by all that is near and dear to American citizens, to rally to the polls and do their whole duty. Remember that in your hands is the result. By going to the polls and doing your duty, there is no danger of the result; but, should you stay at home, while we are sure of the President, we might lose North Carolina, or this Congressional District, which would encourage the nullifiers. Then we say, go to the polls—go early—work—bring out your neighbors—let no man stay at home who will vote right—vote for Grant and Colfax, and for Jones, and all will be well. Peace, quiet and prosperity will be restored to our country.—We appeal to the Republicans of old Rutherford to work, and show that there is no disaffection here.

"Let us have peace."

### Still they Come.

**Hon. Mr. Ramsey,** an old line Whig, who has heretofore acted with the Conservative party, has come out for Grant and Colfax, and for Nat. Boyden. Place him on your list of Scallawags, Nullifiers. We also learn from the Jonesboro *Flag* that Hon. Mr. Patterson, U. S. Senator from Tennessee and son-in-law of Andrew Johnson, has declared for Grant and Colfax.

**Chief Justice Pearson,** is for Grant and Colfax.

**Judge Reade,** is for Grant and Colfax.

**Judge Rodman,** is for Grant and Colfax.

**Judge Dick,** is for Grant and Colfax.

**Judge Settle,** is for Grant and Colfax.

Every Judge of the Superior Court save one, in North Carolina is for Grant and Colfax.

**W. P. Bynum,** is for Grant and Colfax.

**Hon. Nat. Boyden,** is for Grant and Colfax.

Four of the Candidates who were on the Conservative ticket in this County at the last election are for Grant and Colfax.

Every man who desires peace, is for Grant and Colfax.

Every man who wants war, will vote for Seymour and Blair.

### Do They.

In an article headed "The duty of the Hour," in the National *Intelligencer* of the 19th inst, the leading organ of the *so-called* Democratic party in the United States the following language is used—"We are convinced that the Democratic party seek only the restoration of the Constitution of 1789."

The late elections have so worked on the feelings of the Intelligencer, and their so called party, that he like some of the Southern leaders is using *indiscreet* expressions, and we say in all candor, to the party, does the Intelligencer's views meet the views of the party? If so, then we say, that there is no use to further deny that they wish to again enslave the colored race for every intelligent person is bound to acknowledge that the Constitution of 1789 recognized slavery.

We think further comment is unnecessary on this article.

### How he found it Out.

A friend of ours, travelling through the mountains recently, called at a house to stay all night.

We will call our friend A, and his host Mr. S.

A discovered pretty soon that S was not exactly what he should be, and concluded that he would have some fun.

"What are you?" quoth S.

"I'm a Conservative," said A.

"What is the political news?"

"Bad enough," said A dolefully.

"I am afraid to speak my sentiments in Rutherford. They are all Radical there."

"I suppose you are agoing to vote for Seymour."

"I don't think I will."

"Why not?"

"Why that Regist ration oath is too heavy. They would have me up for purjury before three months," said A.

"Humph! *swallow the oath it's nothing.* Swallow the oath and vote for Seymour."

But if Seymour is elected I am afraid it will bring on another war," said A. hesitatingly.

"*Well. That is the very thing we want.*"

There was plenty more of just such talk; but we think we have told our readers enough. And this is the kind of men who support Seymour—men who do not regard an oath—(for this Mr. S. did not once dispute its being purjury to take the Registration oath, and then vote for Seymour—men who are anxious to bring on another war, and say it is the *very thing they want.*

Does any of our readers believe with Mr. S?

Do they make light of an oath and is another war *the very thing they want?*

If so they will vote for Seymour.

Who shot four little boys in the Laurel Valley? The Democrats.

### Just as we Knew.

We are authorized to say that a notice, published not long since, in a little Rebel sheet not a hundred miles from this place, that Joshua Camp, had withdrawn from the Union League, is a LIE.

We also have information from a perfectly reliable source, that this is not the only case in which such cards have been written, and published without the knowledge of the men themselves.

A colored man in Cleveland County, whose withdrawal was published says, that he knew nothing about it, and had not authorized any one to have it published. Look here!—if you don't quit doing such things we shall give you the benefit of our columns. (We mean you fellow down there.)

### Will not Divide Time!

Much ado has been made by the *nullifiers* about dividing time with the Republicans. We have known these assertions to be untrue all the time, for the Republicans, knowing their cause to be just, have been willing, all the time, to divide time, and at no Republican meeting that we have heard of, have they refused to give a fair division of time. At our appointments in Rutherford and Cleveland we have divided time with them—this has been done all around. But Messrs. Durham and McAfee, the champions of the nullifier's cause in this Congressional district, positively refused to allow a division with Col. Wynne in Transylvania county, and also at Mills River, Henderson County. Is this fair?

### Republican Meeting.

We had the pleasure of attending a large Republican meeting, at Mooresboro Cleveland County on last Tuesday the 20th. The meeting was a doubtless success for the Republicans of that section. Mooresboro, is now the line between Cleveland and Rutherford Counties, and both Counties were represented. Both parties were in attendance, as it was expected the people would be addressed by speakers on both sides. The meeting was appointed by the Republicans but they willingly allotted to the Conservative speakers a portion of their time. The speakers on the occasion were the Hon. Tod R. Caldwell, and Mr. W. S. Pearson, the Elector on the Republican ticket for this District, Republicans, and Mr. Joseph L. Carson, Conservative.

The speakers having agreed upon time &c., Mr. Pearson took the stand, and addressed the people in a most elegant style, for about forty-five minutes, showing plainly to the audience the marked difference between the Great Republican Party, and the so-called Democratic Party, his remarks from beginning to end, were mild and argumentive, proving himself, though young, to be possessed of more than ordinary ability. Mr. Pearson, was followed by Mr. Carson, who harangued the people for an hour and a half, in the usual stile of the Conservative speakers, making numerous, and desperate appeals to the predjudice, and passions of the people. His whole speech was made up of misrepresentations of the national debt, the oppressive taxes imposed upon the Country by the Republicans, and appeals to the people about negro equality, negro supremacy &c., but 'twas all to no purpose, the people had heard Mr. Carson before and those that had not *heard* him, had heard *of* him, and they were not to be deceived by him. They knew what he had been during the war. They knew what he had said about the Constitution last spring, and were not willing to trust him now, for he had deceived them before. Notwithstanding Mr. Carson had an hour and a half before him he dodged *every* important issue before the people, from the "Blair letter," down, and wandered from one point to another, seeking where and how he might strike the passions of the people deepest.

Mr. Caldwell next took the stand, and addressed the patient crowd for two hours with that marked ability and true patriotism, that is only exhibited by those true and noble Statesmen like himself. He was plain, decided and pointed in his arguments, and in his able vindication of the true Republican principles. He depicted the horrors, and troubles of the late war in a becoming style, reminding the people of the corrupt and tyranical rule of the *rebel* party during their reign under the Confederate Government, of their *conscript* laws, their *tithing* laws, their *twenty negro* laws, their *dungeons* and *prisons* in which they incarcerated good men by hundreds, because they loved the old flag, and warned the people of the consequences if these men should again get control of our Government, in short, Mr. Caldwell delivered one of the most elegant and telling speeches we have ever heard, making the *rebels* writhe under the lash of his tongue. The day was a complete victory for the friends of Grant and Colfax, and we are confident, that there were numbers present who before were undecided, that will now go with the party of peace and prosperity, and vote for Grant.

Although the Democrats have failed of success in Maine, Vermont and Connecticut, they had triumphs in Camilla Ga., and Opelousas, Louisiana, recently, where they killed a score of negroes. Victory so seldom perches upon the Democratic banner now-a-days, that it would be wrong to withhold this singal record of their progress.

THE Republican victory gained in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana means that hereafter equality before the law is the right of all men.

### Republican Meetings.

We had the pleasure of attending a number of Republican meetings during the last two weeks, and give below a short account of each:

On Tuesday, the 13th inst., we were at

DUNCAN'S CREEK,

at which place there was a large turn out of citizens for that section. The meeting was addressed by Col. Logan, our associate, A. P. Hollifield, Esq., and ourself, and we feel warranted in saying that Duncan's Creek will keep up her reputation, and that the nullifiers will not get exceeding ten votes at that precinct.

On Wednesday, the 14th, we were at

MT. MORIAH CHURCH, CLEVELAND, COUNTY.

At this place the meeting was addressed by the same speakers—Messrs. Logan and Hollifield making telling talks. At the conclusion of the addresses a request was made that all who were in favor of Grant and Colfax should fall in under the stars and stripes and show who they were, when the whole assembly, ladies and gentlemen, fell in, with the exception of some four or five nullifiers. We predict that Peeler's precinct, Cleveland County, which votes over one hundred, will not give Seymour and Blair exceeding seven votes.

On Thursday, the 15th, we again met a respectable crowd at

KISTLER'S TAN YARD, CLEVELAND COUNTY.

Capt. Gidney was present, and asked for a division of time, which was granted him by the Republicans. Col. Logan led off in a speech of one hour, putting several hard questions for Capt. Gidney to answer, such as this: "What governments do the nullifiers offer to the people in the event the Reconstruction Acts are overthrown, according to Blair's programme?" "Who is responsible for the late war, and for the United States debt, and the high taxes?" &c., &c. Capt. Gidney addressed the people for one hour and a half, using half of that time in trying to show up the extravagant taxation of the Radical party, but acknowledged *that the secession party was responsible for a large amount of the debt,* and said in relation to the extravagances of the Radicals, "DELIVER ME FROM SUCH A GOVERNMENT." The remainder of his harangue does not need special mention, as it was only a repetition of the old tune, so much so that a friend present suggested that it would be in order to call for volunteers for *the lost cause.*

We then replied to Capt. Gidney, and, we think, satisfied every one present that Capt. Gidney stated the truth, and the real feelings of the party, when he said, "*Deliver me from such a government,*" and that they desire some other government beside the United States.

On Friday, the 16th, we were at

GRIGGS, CLEVELAND COUNTY.

Arrangements were again made for a division of time. Col. Logan led off in his usual fine style, putting those hard questions again.

Capt. Gidney followed, giving up nearly every point he had made the day before, and it was generally conceded, made as feeble an effort as was ever made in any cause.

We then addressed the crowd, and from the expressions of approbation, are satisfied that the people present were almost a unit for Grant and Colfax.

Capt. Gardner then commenced to reply, but his remarks were cut short after he had spoken some fifteen minutes, by the cry of fire, which had broken out in the house of our friend, Col. Grigg. We are glad to say that by prompt assistance of the crowd present, the fire was extinguished with but little harm to Colonel Griggs house, but we very much regret that this accident happened, as it broke up the discussion; for we are satisfied that Dr. Gardner's address would only have made us stronger. We will say that we were much pleased with the demonstrations of our strength in this part of Cleveland County. The Colored Educational League turned out on the occasion with banners and music. The banners were, first the stars and stripes, then banners containing beautiful pictures of Grant and Colfax, &c., &c.

On Saturday, the 17th, we again met at

RUNNELL'S OLD FIELD.

A full turn out of citizens of both parties, and, by agreement, Dr. Gardner opened the discussion in a harangue of some hour and a half in favor of *a white man's government,* and we are glad to say came out fairly and squarely against colored suffrage, acknowledging, that while his party were the best friends the colored men had, that his party opposed their voting, &c. This frank acknowledgement undeceives the colored man as to their intentions, and proves what has been charged upon them by the Republican party.

We then replied, consuming the same time that the Doctor had, and think that the Republicans present were satisfied that their cause was just and will prevail. We regret to say that in that section there are many good men who are joined to their *idols,* and will continue to follow leaders who have nearly ruined them, and are trying to do so again, but there are some strong Republicans around that precinct who, in spite of the strong pressure sport the Grant and Colfax colors. We say to them, Stand firm! "the day of your redemption is near."

On Wednesday, the 21st, we were at another Republican meeting in old Cleveland, at

MOUNT PLEASANT.

The day was very inclement, yet there was a good number of the voters of Cleveland and Rutherford present. We again divided time with the nullifiers. We were followed by Jos. L. Carson, Esq., whose speech was composed of nothing but attacks on the Radical party, and such assertions as the following: "No man can take the registration oath and vote for Grant."

Mr. Pearson, the elector for the 7th district, replied, completely using Mr. Carson up on some of his charges, and we are satisfied that the citizens went away satisfied that if perjury was committed by any one, it would be those who took the oath to support the Constitution and laws of the United States and State of North Carolina, and then voted for men for President, Vice President, and for Congress, who declare these Constitutions and laws not only void, but declare that they must be overturned by the President. He also made some persons look rather slim when he mentioned such mob law occurrences as the hanging of Tim Haney and Jo. Bridgers, and about killing Yankees and burying them on their all-fours, and writing on their backs with charcoal, "No resurrection for the damned." In fact, Mr. Carson denied ever using such expressions, but there was a gentleman present who offered to swear that he heard him use the identical expression.

Dr. Gardner then said his speech over again.

The discussion was closed by a rejoinder, from Mr. Pearson, of fifteen minutes.

We are pleased with the appearance of things in Cleveland, and say to our friends there, if they will only work as they ought, the day may be ours, which would be *glory enough for one day.*

Work! Work!! Work!!!

### CANVASS RETURNS.

We are informed by the Secretary of the Republican Ex. Committee that he has received the blank canvass returns from some fifty of the counties so far.—He is very desirous to make up his estimated vote of the State in the next ten days. Therefore, every gentleman who has received a blank canvass return, will please fill up and forward to C. L. Harris, Chairman Republican Executive Committee, AT ONCE. The Secretary has the registered vote and the vote upon the Constitution. That part of the blank need not be filled up.

Republican papers will please copy.

### To the Republicans of North Carolina.

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—We bring you "tidings of great joy." The great States of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Nebraska have just voted for members of Congress and State officers, and the Republicans, after a most animated contest, have achieved a glorious victory.

We have carried Indiana by seven thousand, Pennsylvania by fifteen thousand, Ohio by twenty thousand and Nebraska by two thousand.

Grant heads the column, and his march is onward to victory as in times past, when he conquered for the nation at Shiloh, Vicksburg and Appomattox. On his banner is inscribed those beautiful words, "Let us have peace!"—and millions of his countrymen are rallying around it.

This result in these States secures us the victory in November, if we are only true to ourselves.

Our opponents are beaten at the North, and here in the South they are dispirited and depressed. One gallant and united charge along the whole line on the 3d day of next month, and the day will be ours.—The fruits of this victory will be peace, liberty and justice to all—a cessation of bitter party strife—a settled condition of affairs which will insure industry its reward, and lead to general prosperity and happiness among the whole people.

Bear in mind, fellow-citizens, the importance of the election of the third of next month. We must carry this State for Grant and Colfax, and elect all our members of Congress. We can do this by thirty thousand majority.

Impress upon the people the necessity of registering their names as voters. Let it be known also that there is but *one* day for voting. Let every Republican resolve that he will devote all his spare time to this work up to the evening of the election. And on the day of the election, let every Republican be at the polls *early in the morning,* with his vote ready to cast, and after he casts it let him work with others all day for the cause.

This is the way our friends won the day in the States mentioned, and we can do it here by similar efforts.

Fellow-citizens, the election is near at hand. Let us improve the time. Let every man do his duty; and after the third of November the Republicans of North Carolina will swell the chorus with millions of others for GRANT, and COLFAX, LIBERTY, and UNION.

C. L. HARRIS,
Chm'n Rep. State Ex. Com.

Raleigh, Oct. 14, 1868.

A SERIOUS QUESTION.—All voters at the coming election have to take an oath to "*support* and *maintain* the constitution and *laws* of the United States, and the *constitution* and *laws* of North Carolina not inconsistent therewith." Can persons who conscientiously believe the reconstruction acts *null* and *void* because of their alleged *unconstitutionality,* safely or morally take such an oath? Can they especially do so, if they have resolved to overthrow the very government founded on those acts, one of which governments prescribes this oath, and which they have sworn to "support and maintain?"

Who made impressment laws, to impress the last dust of meal from the soldier's widows? The Democrats.

## A PROCLAMATION.

By Wm. W. HOLDEN, Governor of North Carolina.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Raleigh, Oct. 12th, 1868.

Information has been received at this department that military weapons, such as repeating rifles of various kinds, have been imported into this State, and have been distributed with ammunition and equipments to citizens in several localities. It is believed that boxes containing arms, ammunition and equipments, are concealed in divers places, ready to be distributed as opportunity may offer.

The object of the persons thus engaged must be, either to subvert the government, to resist the constituted authorities, or to prevent a free election in this State on the third day of next month.

The government of North Carolina has been lawfully and constitutionally established. This government has been freely and voluntarily formed by a majority of the citizens, in pursuance of acts constitutionally passed by the Congress, under which my immediate predecessor held office from the 2d day of March, 1867, to the 1st day of July, 1868. The constitutionality of these acts, it questioned during this period, were nevertheless subscribed to and maintained by him, and by every department of the government, from the said 2d day of March, 1867, to the said 1st day of July, 1868; and now that they have been executed, by the common consent of the whole people voting under them at the polls for members of a Convention, for the new Constitution, and for members of Congress and State officers, the result which has been effected closes the discussion in relation to them, and renders the present Constitution of Government as valid and binding as were the Constitutions of 1776 and 1835.

This government will be maintained for the following, among other reasons:

1st. It has been lawfully and constitutionally established by the whole people of the State. It is operating smoothly and harmoniously. Under it the people are quiet and peaceable, and are just entering anew on a career of prosperity. It must not be upset, or even assailed, because the colored people have been allowed to vote; or because they will vote with a certain party; or because a few public men are out of office and a few are in.

2d. Senators and Representatives have been admitted by the Congress to seats in that body. The State is, therefore, of as well as in the Union. It is as much of the Union as New York or any other State.—No State can secede, nor can Congress push a State out, or sever its relations with the common government. If Congress should, therefore, do what is exceedingly improbable, repeal the reconstruction acts, such repeal would have no more effect than a repeal of the act admitting Texas or Kansas to representation. The reconstruction acts have been executed, and are, therefore, beyond the reach of Congress.

3d. The Supreme Court has no jurisdiction of the subject. Its powers are expressly defined by the Constitution to be "judicial," and not political. It has already decided that the question of admission to representation is a political question, and that when determined by Congress, as it has been in relation to North Carolina, the Court will not interfere.

4. The President would have no more power to declare the reconstruction acts null and void, with a view to the extinguishment of the government of this State, than I would have to declare that a certain county or counties in this State should cease to exist.

The government of North Carolina is, therefore, as firmly established as that of any other State. It has the same control of the right of suffrage, and of its own internal affairs, as the other States have; and it possesses equal power with the other States to protect and perpetuate itself.

The right of the people to have arms in their houses, and to "bear" them under the authority of law, is not questioned. On the contrary, it is claimed as a constitutional right sacred to freemen. The use of arms by the male population, for peaceable and lawful purposes, should rather be encouraged than otherwise; but when, in time of peace, weapons of an extraordinary character are imported into the State by political organizations, and deposited and distributed in a secret manner among persons whose spokesmen deny the authority of the existing government, and who publicly declare that all government, to be authoritative and binding, must proceed alone from one race of our people, a state of affairs is at once constituted which renders it the duty of every officer and every citizen to be more than usually vigilant. It can not be pretended that these arms are intended for hunting or sporting purposes. It can not be justly assumed that they are necessary for the protection of those who have them, since the whole power of the State and general governments is pledged to protect the peaceable and the law abiding, whoever and wherever they may be.

If it be the purpose of any portion of the people in any event to resist the laws or to subvert the government, they should bear in mind that TREASON is the highest crime that can be committed, that they are liable to arrest and punishment under the "Act to punish conspiracy, sedition and rebellion," which will be enforced, if necessary, with a firm hand; and they should reflect that the magnanimity of the government, which spared the lives and estates of those who engaged in the late rebellion, may not be extended a second time to save them from the consequences of their crimes.

If it be the purpose of any portion of the people, by the use of arms, or by threats or intimidation, to prevent the people from going to the polls and voting as they may choose to vote on the third day of next month, it is my duty to inform them that force will be met with force, and that every person who may thus violate the law will be punished. Every race of men in this State is free. The colored citizen is equally entitled with the white citizen to the right of suffrage. The poor and the humble must be protected in this right equally with the affluent and the exalted. The election must be absolutely free.

In view, therefore, of this condition of affairs, I have deemed it my duty to issue this proclamation, admonishing the people to avoid undue excitement, to be peaceable and orderly, and to exercise the right of suffrage firmly and calmly, without violence or force of any kind. Every good citizen is gratified that North Carolina is at present as quiet and peaceable as any State of the Union.—Let us maintain this good name for our State. Let us frown indignantly on the use of brute force, or bribes, or threats, to control the election; and let every officer of the State, civil and military, be prepared to check instantly any incipient step to sedition, rebellion or treason.

The flag of the United States waves for the protection of all. Every star upon it shines down with vital fire into every spot howsoever remote or solitary, to consume those who may resist the authority of the government, or who oppress the defenceless and the innocent. The State government will be maintained; the laws will be enforced; every citizen, whatever his political sentiments, will be protected in his rights; the unlawful use of arms will be prevented, if possible, and if not prevented, will be punished; and conspiracy, sedition and treason will raise their heads only to be immediately subdued by the strong hand of military power. The General commanding this department has instructed the district and post commanders to "act in aid and co-operation, and in subordination to the civil authorities," in maintaining the peace and in securing a free election. The power of both governments is thus pledged to peace, order and tranquility.

It is specially enjoined on all officers of the Detailed Militia to observe the "act to organize a militia of North Carolina," and to act in strict subordination to the civil power. And all Magistrates, Sheriffs and other peace officers are also specially enjoined to be vigilant, impartial, faithful and firm in the discharge of their duties, magnifying and enforcing the law, ferreting out offenders, protecting the weak against the strong who may attempt to deprive them of their rights; to the end that the wicked may be restrained, the peace of society preserved, the good name of the State maintained, the government perpetuated on the basis of Freedom and Justice to all.

Done at our City of Raleigh, on the 12th day of October, in the year of our [L. S.] Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the ninety-third of our independence.

W. W. HOLDEN,
Governor.

By the Governor:
ROBT. M. DOUGLAS, Private Secretary.
39-3t

For the Star.

KONSERFATIV HIL, (near the Factry that's advertissed fur sale,)
Ocktober 20fust, 60ate.

DEER KONSERFATIVS—arter mi best komplements tu yu aul i shal precede tu tel yu suthin wich it hirts my hart tu relat.

Be kompozed, deer Konsirvo-Demiceratick-Cu Klux frens. Ye frens of See an Blaremore stan stil! prepair yer warliek harts tu here the deth nel ov our deer lost cauze!!! Be silent that yu ma here, bee eam i sa an here the sadful nuse i hev tu tel yu.

Wey hev tride tu git the nigers tu wote with us, but its no go.

Wey hev tride tu git the radikles tu be skard, an intimate them frum wotin; wey hev evon tole them lys, hoss lys, to deseeve the furnel kusses, but its no go.

Yu aul knoe how bad we hait it, an yu knoe how in angar we hev kussed em an planed an plotid agin em, the skalawagg brutes!

Yu no, frens, how we hev arged the nigers hev no sole, an how the hi tackss cum, never dremeing tha wood fine out we had cauzed the hole normus taks.—But Saton presurve us! *tha hev!!*—Frens, tha hev rite hear in ould Kleevland, an ile tel yu how it cum, vis, tu wit.

it cum soum how that them tarnashun radikles up tu the mounttins got akwainted with them Retherferd radikles, [now radikles kan tel wun an uther when we cant, and them Retherferd radikles ar sum,] an rite doun tha cum to Kleevland, rite befour aur ise tu mek speachis tu the nossoled nigers an whiet radikles.

Now, sez us, wele hev fun, an auf we sens fur aur lauyer an dokter tu meet em an kordin to order hear tha cum.

Tha wer wery kine tu let aur oryters speek, wich tha did as sucksesfuly as the kase wood purmit. Ov korse tha cum doun on the tacks cuestion, an the niger fust pop. An what du yu think? (frens pauz til I git breth.)

Thees radikles tole em whar the hie tackses cum frum! Tha tole em it aul cum frum aur Ku Clux-Konserfativ-Demieratick-Nulifior deceevin parte, an we hed tu set an taik it. An tha tole em the nigers *did hev soles!* Tha said if a niger hed a white dady he wuld hev only a haf sole, kordin tu aur docktrin. That argesment konwinced em, an we hed tu hang doun aur heds, an culdent deni it. Ove, wee hated it, but we had caut a "tartor," so thar we sot and tuck it, with our heds hung doun, bravly thinkin ov the glorius past—ov tha fat offisses we hed held in bigaun das—ov the immortle fiten we hed done in bumprufe posishuns, in the days uv the grate Konfederasy. Alass! An theze fellers cept speekin ni on tu a weak up tu the mounttins. Tha sed thar names wus Login an Carpintor, an O, i herd em caul wun on em Curnol, wich made me faul unto a remenissent revyre on titels, an bi-gaun halseun dase. * * *

We are ni tu "gaun up," but I fur I am willin tu malk wun moer despereight struggel fur our lost kauze. Then frens, O deer frens! liston tu me fur wunce.—Lets hov a Nashunal Kunvenshun at Shelby befour long, an partishun His Eckcellency, Guvner Vance, tu keep theze radekles from speekin in Kleevland. So no mour at presunt.

Yore fren,
MOSES MUGLY.

Alass! P. S.—Pensilvany hes gaun radikle gaim!!!

M. M.

P. S. No. tu.—Wus nor ever. Nu York is gwine radikle tu! Fairwel.

M. M.

OF all men Southerners should mostly rejoice at the now certain election of Gen.—GRANT. Under Gen. GRANT'S administration the turbulence of malcontents will cease, the present State governments will go on quietly and get in good working order, and the supremacy of LAW will be assured.

In whom could they so safely trust as GRANT,—who when conquering, sought not their humiliation; who dismissed Lee's conquered army, merely asking their parole; who stopped, by his protest, all attempts to try their military leaders for treason, and who has never permitted himself or subordinates, when clothed with absolute power, to oppress or tyranize over the South.

LET US HAVE PEACE has been his only pledge, and peace and freedom he will secure to all, black or white, Republican or Democrat, Unionist or Rebel. And PEACE is what the people want. So, seeking peace all parties vote for GRANT, for all can trust him.—*Willamston Port.*

OUR Democratic friends have proved correct as usual in their predictions concerning the elections of the 13th. The great reactionary wave they have been gabbling about proves to be a Radical wave against Rebel reaction.

### Then and Now

When the rebellion finally collapsed by the surrender of Lee and Johnston every one of the rebels was ready to admit that, by rebellion, they had forfeited all rights under the government they had sought to overthrow. They could only by the mercy of the conquering power; all future privileges granted was by grace and not by right. One of the bravest, most candid and out-spoken of rebel gererals, Jeff. Thompson, expressed the views of nine-tenths of the defeated army when he addressed his disbanded forces at Jacksonport, as follows:

"Do not complain if you are not permited to have a voice in elections and civil affairs. You have forfeited all such rights, and it now becomes you to submit to such laws and regulations as the Federal authorities may see fit to enact. I believe, and know that they will do the best they can for you, especially if you show henceforth that you desire to merit their confidence by a strict obedience to the laws where you reside. We are conquered, subjugated; we have no rights, but must accept such privilege and favor as the government may see proper to bestow upon us."

This was the rational and natural conclusion of most of the rebels who had fought against us. But now, we hear the same men clamoring savagely for their constitutional rights, and threatening again to drench the country in blood if the people do not vote to please them.

This charge has been wrought by the villainous trenchery of Adrew Jodnson, in warming the rebel element into life again.

As it rises into the new life he gave it, it brings back with it its old spirit of insolence and violence. There is but one thing for us to do. Send Grant into the White House as we once sent him to command the Army of the Potomac, and we shall hear and see no more of rebel violence and insolence of the despots who once ruled the nation to its hurt. When they are again subdued we shall have peace.—*Missouri Democrat.*

---

Robert Toombs, who has not yet "called the roll of slaves on Bunker Hill," recently said in a speech at Atlanta, Ga.:

"These so-called Governors and Legislatures which have been established in our [illegible] convention at New York appointed Frank Blair especially to oust them.

In the same strain the following from the Mobile Tribune is plain enough:

"Friends—fellow citizens of Mobile comrades of the Queen City of the Gulf!" Let us make one more effort in behalf of our liberties. If we are successful in the approuching contest, we shall regain all we lost in the 'Lost Cause.'"

And this from the Charleston Mercury is both plain and terribly significant:

"Congressional reconstruction, as we anticipated from the first that it would be, is a failure. To go on futher with it, will only involve danger and increase exasperation. Being unconstitutional, all who attempt to enforce it or to exercise power by its authority are simply trespassers. A trespasser can be sued on an action for damages. A trespasser may be justifiably killed."

The Charleston Mercury also says;

"The platform of the Democrat party is square upon the letter of General Blair, and General Blair's letter is the legitimate and actual expounding of the platform. It will avail little to deny it, North, South, East, or West. Any palliation of the fact is a perversion of the fact. It is more; it is ill faith to the body of the convention and it is an attempted deception of the voters at the polls. The Richmond Examiner is correct when it says that those who attempt to lead the Democratic party, if they intend to abandon its platform, "might as well abandon the field, as they are whipped already."

---

ONE DAY FOR ELECTION.—In addition to our speaker is calling the attention of voters to the urgent necessity of *aegistrrtion*, let the important fact, also that at the coming election there will only be ONE DAY FOR VOTING, be made known, far and near. The *third* of November, Tuesday, is the day.

A law of Congress fixes this matter. The chief object in having the election one day, is to prevent frauds and double voting, by going from one State to another. Remember, colored men, especially, that one day only is given for the election. Do not be deceived on this subject. Give one day to your Country and all will be well.

---

THE Rebel press are devoting much of their valuable (?) space to prove that the Republicans are arming and that the Democrats are not! This is all very nice, but we heartly believe they are writing falsely! We deny in the broadest language that there are any arms here belonging to any Republican organization and also deny that any box or boxes of arms have been shipped here for "private individuals." Let the rebel press make the same denial if they dare and we will publish affidavits showing the disposal of arms among the Democrats.

---

## COMMERCIAL.

### Rutherfordton Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY

**J. A. MILLER & CO.,**

DEALERS IN

**Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c.,**

| | |
|---|---|
| BACON | 16@25 |
| BEEF, nett | 5@6 |
| BUTTER | 15@20 |
| BEESWAX | 25 |
| CANDLES, adamantine | 33@40 |
| CASTINGS | 8@10 |
| CHEESE | 33@40 |
| COFFEE | 33 |
| CORN old | 80 |
| CORN new | 40 |
| COTTON | 12@15 |
| DRIED FRUIT—PEACHES Pealed | $3,00 |
| Bright " Unpealed | ½s. 2,00 |
| " " " | ¼s. 1,50 |
| APPLES, Pealed. Bright | 1,00 |
| " CLOTH | 16¾@25 |
| " YARN | 225 |
| EGGS | 10 |
| FLOUR, per sack | $6@$8 |
| FODDER, per cwt | 80@100 |
| FEATHERS | 30@40 |
| FLAX CLOTH | 25@40 |
| HIDES, dry | 16¾ |
| HIDES green | 8 |
| IRON | 7@8 |
| JANES, wool | 40@75 |
| LARD | 18@25 |
| MEAL per bu | 110 |
| NAILS | 10 |
| OATS, per bushel | 30 |
| PEARS | 40 |
| POTATOES, Irish | 50 |
| POTATOES Sweet | 50 |
| RAGS | 3 |
| RICE | 16¾@20 |
| ROCK ISLAND CASIMERE | 75@300 |
| ROPE | 25@35 |
| SALT per sack $6.00 per lb | 4 |
| SUGAR | 16¾@25 |
| SPTS TURPENTINE, per gal | 2 00 |
| TALLOW | 15 |
| TEA, per lb | $2 00@2 50 |
| WHEAT | 1 50@200 |

SHEET MUSIC.—A nice lot just received and for sale by J. A. MILLER & CO.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### NOTICE.

THE County Commissioners of Rutherford County will let to the lowest bidder, on Monday, the 9th of November next, the keeping of the Paupers of said county.

R. J. WILLIAMS, Clerk,
Ex-Officio of the Board.

Oct 24 39-td

### NOTICE.

ALL persons owing Revenue taxes to the United States, and who have not made payment, are notified to come up at once and settle up, as the time for closing the lists is expiring. No indulgence will be extended to any one. Pay up and save cost.

R. W. LOGAN,
Dept. Coll. 4th Div. 4th Dist.

Oct 24 39-tf

### UDOLPHO WOLFE,
**22 Beaver Street,**
NEW YORK.

The subscriber begs leave to inform the citizes North Carolina that they have been appointed agents for UDOLPHO WOLFE, of New York, for the sale of his celebrated

SCHEIDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS,
**And Bottled Wines and Liquors.**

Mr. W.'s name is a household word in every part of the Southern States.

ADRIAN & VOLLERS.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
ang. 29.-3m. (r.) 83.

### DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of J. B. CARPENTER & Co., in the publication of the STAR, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; the business remaining in the hands of J. B. Carpenter. All persons having claims, and those owing the concern will confer a favor by settling up immediately.

J. B. CARPENTER,
J. S. HAYES,
W. T. MITCHELL.

October 12th, 1867—tf

IMPORTANT ORDER.

H'D QUARTERS MILITIA OF RUTHERFORD COUNTY,

IN compliance with General Orders No. 6, Adjutant General Office, Raleigh, Sept. 26th, 1868. All persons liable to Militia duties are hereby ordered to present themselves for Enrollment to the different Enrolling Officers of their respective Districts at the time provided for the Registration of Voters.

All male citizens between the ages of 21 and 40 years, save those exempted on account of Religious scruples, are required to be enrolled.

Enrolling Officers are required to enforce this order strictly, and according to law.

R. W. LOGAN,
37-tf Col. Comd'g County.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
*Executive Department, Adj't Gen'l's Office,*
RALEIGH, September 26, 1868.

GENERAL ORDERS, }
NO. 6. }

The Colonel commanding will cause to be enrolled, at the same time provided for the registration of Electors, the entire Militia of their respective counties, according to the following direction;

I The several Registration Districts in each county will be distinguished by number, and an Enrolling Officer appointed in each District, who will be furnished with necessary blanks and instructions by the Colonel.

II. All able-bodies male citizens of the State who are citizens of the United States, between twenty-one and forty years of age, save the exempt on account of religious scruples, will be enrolled.

III. The white and colored Militia shall be placed upon separate rolls.

IV. All enrolled men in the Militia shall take the subscribe the oath required of officers by the constitution of the State."

V. The muster rolls will be made out in duplicate, signed by the Enrolling Officer and forwarded to the Colornel of the county, on or before the sixt day of November next. One roll will be kept by the Colonel and the duplicate returned at once, with his certificate, to this office.

By ordor of Gov. W. W. HOLDEN, commander-in-Chief

A. W. FISHER,
*Adjutant-General.*

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
RALEIGH, September 9, 1868.

At a meeting of the Board of Education, held this day, it was.

*Voted*, That by virtue of the authority vested in the Board by Article IX, Section 9, of the Constitution of the State, it is hereby.

*Ordered*, That until otherwise enacted, the County Commissioners of the several Counties of the State be, and hereby are, directed to assume without delay, the duties of "Superintendents of Common Schools," and that they appoint not more than three Committeemen in each District in their County, who shall be the legal successors of the Committeemen retained or appointed, in accordance with an act entitled An Act to protect certain interests of the Common schools, and for other purposes, ratified Febuary 28th, A. D, 1867; also,

That the County Commissioners of each county require from the Board of Superintendents of Common Schools an offical report of the action of said Board of Superintendents, also a specific statement under oath, of the funds and securities which have been, and are now, in the possession of the Chairman of said Board of Superintendents and that a certified copy of said report be transmitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

*Ordered further*. That the County Commissioners ascertain and report for their respective Counties to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, on or before the 15th day of December. 1868, as follows, viz;

1. The number of children between the ages of six and twenty-one years actually resident in each Distict, distinguishing between male and female, white and colored.

2. The number and condition of School Houses, and in whom the title to said houses are vested.

3. The number of School Houses to be supplied in the County, (the minimum capacity to be accomodations for thirty pupils.)

4. The number of Freedmen's Schools in each County, with the estimated number of pupils in the same, and supported by the Fredmens' Bureau or otherwise.

5. The number of Select Schools in each County, with the estimated number of pupils in the same, and the monthly rate of tution per scholar,

6 The number and condition of any High School or Academy buildings belonging to the town or city in which they may be located.

(Signed,) W. W. HOLDEN, *President,*
S. S. ASHLEY, *Secretary.*

A true copy of the orginal orders now on file in the officeof Superintendent of Public Instrucrion.

S. S. ASHLEY.
*Secretary Board of Education.*

36--4t.]

### Saddles.

A LOT OF NICE SADDLES for sale by J. A. MILLER & CO.

je. 15,-tf 26

THE

### Square and Compass.

*A Weekly Masonic and Literary Journal, published at Raleigh, N. C.*

**By BEST & SYME,**

The SQUARE & COMPASS is published every Saturday at the following rates:

One copy, one year, $2 50. 5 copies for $11 50
10 copies $22 00. 50 copies $87 50. 100 copies $150 00.

☞ All communications and letters on business should be addressed to "*Square & Compass*" Raleigh, N. C.

## New Advertisements.

**IMPORTANT**

TO

**Magistrates, Clerks, Sheriffs and Others**

THE undersigned have in press, and will soon issue, a complete and full

**Analysis of the Laws,**

under the Code of Civil Procedure, as passed by the General Assembly, relating to the duties of

**Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Clerks of Court, and other County Officers,**

together with the Constitution of the State, a list of the Counties as divided into Judicial Districts the time of holding Courts in the several Counties, the names of the Judges and Solicitors of each Circuit, the names of the Clerk of the Superior Court, Register of Deeds, Sheriff, County Commissioners, Treasurer and Coroner for each County. This pamphlet will also contain the Fees allowed by the new law to the several officers, with some of the most necessary

**Forms Of Civil and Criminal Process.**

The work will contain about 150 pages, and will be a most valuable book of reference for county officers.

Sent by mail to any post office in the State, postage paid, for $1 per copy. Address

NICHOLS & GORMAN,
Book and Job Printers,
Raleigh, N. C.

☞ The undersigned are also preparing, under the directions of a member of the Raleigh Bar, a Digest of all the Laws concerning County Officers, with a Complete set of Forms, adapted to the new order of things. This book, of some 400 pages, will be published as soon as the final report of the Commissioners appointed to revise Code has been adopted by the General Assembly. The plan and scope of the proposed book will be further laid before the public at an early day.

NICHOLS & GORMAN, Publishers.
Sept. 12, [33-1m

*** State newspapers copying the above one month, sending copy of the paper containing the advertisement to us, will receive in payment, one copy each of the publications, as soon as issued

### Picture Gallery!!

**Get Your Likeness Taken.**

**NOW IS YOUR TIME!!**

—o—

**For Three Weeks Only!!**

I would respectfully announce to the citizens of Rutherfordton and vicinity that I have fitted up a temporary PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY in the village, where I am prepared to execute all orders for Photographic Portraits, in the best and cheapest manner.

Having been engaged in the Photographic business in the city of Richmond, Va., and other large cities of the South, for the last ten years, I can produce correct and life like portraits, colored and finished in the best manner, at reasonable prices.

Photographs, Melainecotyes, Ferotypes and all other styles of Pictures, made in the best manner.

☞ Old Pictures copied and cloaned.

*** Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

PHILLIP R. KENNEDY.

Sept. 26.—4t

## NOTICE

TO all persons concerned. You are hereby notified to attend before the Commissioners Court to be held at Rutherfordton, on Monday the 25th October next and show cause if any you can why the said precinct at Wm. Harrill's, in said county, shall not be discontinued.

By order of Commissioners
R. J. WILLIAMS,
35—td. Reg'r of Deeds.

**1000** AGENTS WANTED in all parts of the U. S., to sell our immense list of nearly 1000 different BOOKS, BIBLES and PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS. Every family wants something from it. Catalogues furnished free on on application, and books sent post paid on receipt of price. Canvassing books containing the lists with prices, together with blank sheets and printed headlugs for enrolling a list of names, sent free to any one on receipt of 50 cts. Anybody can sell 100 to 1000 of these books almost anywhere. For terms to agents and other information, address J. E. POTTER & CO., Pub's, 614 & 617 Sanom St., Phila. Pa.

**$200** *Per Month* sure and no money required in advance. Agents wanted everywhere, male and female to sell our *Patent Everlasting White Wire Clothes Lines.* 'Every household should have this article.' *N. Y., Trib'e.* Address AMERICAN WIRE CO., 75 William St, N. Y., or 16 Dearbosn St., Chicago, Ill.

**$250** *Per Month guaranteed. Sure pay* Salaries paid weekly Agents wanted immediately everywhere throughout the Southern States to sell out *Patent Everlasting White Wire Clothes Lines.* Call at or address the GIRARD WIRE MILLS, Philadelphia, Pa

A WATCH FREE—given gratis to every live man who will act as agent in a new, light and honorable business, paying $30 a day, No gift enterprise. No humbug. Address R. MONROE KENNEDY, Pittsburg, Pa.

**STAR AGRICULTURAL WORKS.**
**The Albany Cotton Gin Manufact'g Co.**
*Manufacturers of the Celebrated "STAR" Cotton Gins and Condensers "STAR" Threshing Machines, "STAR" Lever and Endless Chain Horse Powers, and other Agricultural Machinery.*

Our "STAR" COTTON GIN AND CONDENSER have taken *First Premiums* in every instance where entered at Southern Fairs, competing with the best Gins of the country made by other parties.

At the two Great Fairs of the Mechanics' and Agricultural Association, held at New Orleans successively in November, 1866, and January, 1868, the "STAR" GIN and CONDENSER took ☞ at both fairs, all the Premiums offered on Gins and Condensers, against a competition embracing all other Gins of any prominence in the country. Also at the last two State Fairs held at St. Louis, Mo., our Gin and Condenser took the Frst Premium against a powerful competition.

The Condenser attachment being new to most planters, we wish to say that it entirely obviates the necessity of a "lint room," as with it a Gin may be used in the open air and the sheet or bat as it is discharged from the Condenser is ready for the press. It effectually cleans the cotton of sand and dirt and makes the work of ginning free from the danger of inhaling the fine particles of lint which otherwise fill the air.

N. B, We also make the most approved Horse Powers (both Lever and Railway) to drive our "STAR" GINS and also manufacture the celebrated "STAR" THRESHING MACHINES, We furnish Gins with or without Condensers. For sale by our AGENTS and DEALERS generally, Our complete Illustrated Descriptive circular is sent; free of charge on application by mail. Address The ALBANY COTTON GIN MANUFACTURING CO., Albany, N. Y. P. O. Drawer 162.

**AGUE and INTERMITTENT FEVERS.**

H. S. SMITH, M. D., now offers his remedies for the above diseases to the general public. One package and one week sufficient, as a failure or relapse after its use in thousands of cases has been reported. A cure is guarantaed in every case or the *money will be refunded.* Testimonials of physicans and others cured, *mailed free.* If no agent in your place, send direct to us. Local agents wanted. Try it. Price $3 per package (postage prepaid). Address H. S. SMITH & CO., Proprietors, 5 Beekman Street, New York City,

**DEAFNESS, CATARRH, SCROFULA**

A LADY who had suffered for years from Deafness, Catarrh and Scrofula, was cured by a simple remedy. Her sympathy and gratitude prompts her to send the receipt free of charge to any one similarly afflicted. Address Mrs. M. J. [illegible]

**$1200** A YEAR TO AGENTS to sell the STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES. *Full Particulars free.* Extra inducements to experienced Agents Call or address W. G. WILSON & CO., Cleveland, O.; Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

**WANTED**—SALESMEN to travel for a Manufacturing Company and sell by sample. Good wages are guaranteed. Address with stamp H. D. HAMILTON & CO., No. 413 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

**No Good Trusty Agents,**—We will guaranty $50 per week and expenses, For particulars assress G. W. JACKSON & CO., Baltimore, Md.

**$10 A DAY FOR ALL.**—Stencil Tool, samples free. Address A J. FULLAM, Springfield, Vt.

**TOBACCO ANTIDOTE.**

WARRANTED *to remove* ALL DESIRE *for Tobacco.* This great remedy is an excellent appetizer. It PURIFIES THE BLOOD, invigorates the system, possesses great nourishing and strengthening power, enables the stomach to digest the heartiest food, makes sleep refreshing, and establishes robust health, *Smokers and Chewers for Sixty Years Cured.* Price Fifty Cents per box, post free. Can be sent any distance by mail with perfect safety. A treatise on the injurious effects of Tobacco, with lists of reference, testimonials, &c., *sent free.* Agents wanted. Address Dr. T. R, ABBOTT Jersey City, N. J.

**THIS IS NO HUMBUG!**—By sending 30 cts and stamp. with age, heigh, cololrs of eyes and hais, you will receive by return mail a correct picture of your futnre husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer No. 8, Fultonville, N. Y.

***Great Distribution by*** **the Metropolian Gift Co.—Cash Gift. to the amount of $250,000.—Every Ticket Drawn a Prize.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 5 Cash Gifts, each | | $10,000 |
| 10 | | 5,000 |
| 20 | | 1,000 |
| 40 Cash Gifts each | | $500 |
| 200 | | 100 |
| 300 | | 50 |
| 50 Elegant Rosewood Pianos each | | $300 to $750 |
| 75 " " Melodeons | " | 75 to 150 |
| 350 Sewing Machines | " | 60 to 176 |
| 500 Fine Gold Watches | " | 75 to 300 |
| Cash Prizes, Silver Ware, &c., at | | $1,000,000. |

A chance to draw any of the above Prizes for 25c Tickets describing Prizes are *sealed* in Envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25c. a *Sealed Ticket* is drawn without choice and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of *One Dollar.* Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. *Any Prize exchanged for another of same value.* No Blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES:—We elect the following form many who have lately draw Valuable Prizes and kindly permitted us to publish them: S. T. Wilkins, Buffalo, $5,00; Miss Annie Monroe, Chicago, Piano, $650; John D. Moore, Louisville $1,000; Miss Emma Walworth, Milwaukee, Piano, $500; Rev, E. A. Day, New Orleans $500. We publish no names without permission.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS:—"The firm is reliable, and deserve their success."—*Weekly Tribune, Aug.* 8, "We know them to be a fair dealing firm."—*N. Y. Herald, Aug.* 28. "A friend of ours drew a $500 prize, which was promptly received."—*Daily News, Sept.* 3.

Send for circular. Liberal inducements to Agents. Satisfaction guaranteed. Every package of Sealed Envelopes contain ONE CASH GIFT, Six Tickets for $1; 13 for $2; 35 for $5; 110 for $15. All letters should be addressed to

HARPER WILSON &C.,
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**AGENTS WANTED.**
MALE OR FEMALE, FOR THE
**LIFE OF GEN. GRANT,**

By HENRY C. DEMING, under the Sanction and Authority of Gen. GRANT himself. The most intensely interesting Biography ever published in America.

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Agents are reporting astonishing sales of this Work. One agent reports 70 subscribers in two days; another 33 subscribers in one day; and many others from 15 to 25 per day. Those desirous of a pleasant and lucrative business will apply immediately and secure a choice of territory. The largest commissions given. For particulars apply to or address

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To solicit orders for DR. WILLIAM SMITH'S DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE. THE ONLY EDITION PUBLISHED IN AMERICA, CONDENSED BY DR. SMITH'S OWN HAND. In one large Octavo volume, illustrated with over 125 steel engravings. A book that is needed in every family. Over 30,000 copies sold within three months.

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WE would respectfully announce to the public that we have one of the most COMPLETE JOB OFFICES in Western North Carolina and can execute with

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*(EAVES' BUILDING—UP STAIRS.)*

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in all its various branches, in the neatest and most

**FASHIONABLE**

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Thankful for past favors he would ask for a continuance of the same.

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WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION to all Professional calls, and hopes to merit a continuance of his [illegible] Has constantly on hand a fine supply of PURE DRUGS at his office in Rutherfordton,
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WILL attend at the office of R. W. Logan, Esqr., in Rutherfordton on the 2nd Monday of each month for the transaction of all business appertaining to United States Commissioner
no. 78.-tf.

# NOTICE.

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1st. A Bridge over 2nd Broad River near John Logans.

2nd. A Bridge near Robert Taylors, known as the Bennick Bridge.

3rd. A Bridge over Cove Creek near Mrs. Elias Lynches.

Plan and specification &c., made known on day of letting.

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GATHER [illegible] IT IS TOO LATE!!

For the porpose of informing every one engaged in this business, as to the best method of preparing their fruit for market, to make it most saleable and to bring the highest prices these suggestions are made.

Peaches should be gathered before they are entirely ripe, because if ripe they will dry a dark color and will not bring so high a price.—The great object is to have the fruit when dried of a bright color. Pealed peaches should cut in ten or fifteen pieces. Unpealed peaches should only be halfed and dried a bright color. If any are quartered keep them separate, for they will not bring so high a price if they are mixed.

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**DRY GOODS,**
CLOTHING
**BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & CAP.**
**YANKEE NOTIONS &c!**
**GROCERIES,**
AND OTHER ARTICLES
**Too Numerous to Mention,**
AT AND
**BELOW COST.**

All those wishing to buy Goods will find that they can buy them CHEAP, as we want to close the stock out by the 1st of August,

**COUNTRY MERCHANTS**

will find this a rare opportunity to get GOODS CHEAP and they will please take notice and govern themselves according.

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such as Mens' wear, Ladies' Dress Goods, &c., &c.

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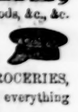

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A. P. HOLLIFIELD,—*Coroner.*
J. B. CARPENTER.—*Co. Ct'k Superior Court.*
ELI MCARTHUR.—*Treasurer.*
R. J. WILLIAMS.—*Register of Deeds.*
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C. J. SPARKS,
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JOHN GIBBS,
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} *Commissioners.*

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J. H. DUNCAN—*Treasurer.*
D. O. H. W. GILLESPIE—*Co. Ct'k Sup. Court*
JOSIAH WISEMAN—*Surveyor.*
JOHN ROSS,
JAMES LEDBETTER,
J. W. MCCALL,
J. J. FALKNER,
J. C. EVANS.
} *Commissioners.*

### Mail Arrangements.

Cherryville Mail—arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12 m.
Leaves for Cherryville the same days at 1 p. m.
Asheville Mail—arrives Mondays and Fridays at 6 p. m.
Leaves, for Asheville, Tuesdays and Saturdays at 6 a. m.
Greenville Mail—arrives Saturdays at 7 p. m.
Leaves Thursdays at 6 a. m.
Columbus Mail—arrives Tuesdays at 7 p. m.
Leaves Tuesdays at 8 a. m.
Morganton Mail—arrives Saturdays at 7 p. m.
Leaves Fridays at 6 a. m.
County Mail——arrives Thursdays at 12 m.
Leaves same day at 1 p. m.
Marion Mail——arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at 6 p. m.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 a. m.

### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Department of Public Instruction.
RALEIGH, September 10, 1868.

CIRCULAR.)
*Country Commissioner of ——County :*

GENTLEMEN:—Your attention is respectfully called to Section 2, Article VII, of the Constitution of this State, whereby a general supervision an control of the Public Schools in the respective Counties is made the duty of the County Commissioners; and almost to Article IX, Section 3, which decrees the neglect of certain duties on the part of the County Commissioners, in reference to ten Public Schools and indictable offence and which also prescribes that each County in the State shall be divided into a convenien number of Districts. The duty of making this division into Districts, devolves upon the County Commissioners' and to be preformed and reported to the General Assembly before the first day of Jauury, 1896," See Article VII, Section 3.

In order to ensure a speedy and through organization of the Free Public Schools System. rescribed by the Constitution- it is requiste hat this work of Districting the Counties should be hastened to completion. Until this is done provission cannot be made for the establishment and mantenance of Public Instruction.

In establishing these Districts it is desirabl, that the municipal Districts should be the Schools Districts; also, that reference should be had, as far as practicable, of schools houses already existing; also, except in extreme cases, no District should contain less than thirth pupils between the ages of six and twenty one years.

Your attention is lso called to the orders of the Board of Education, pased September 9, 1868, a certified copy of which is enclosed herewith,

For authority to pass such orders, the Board cite Article IX, Section 9, of the Constitution.

Until repealed, these orders have the force and authority of law.

Yours respectfully,
S. S. ASHLEY,
Supt Public Instruction


### SELLING OFF
AT COST.

BARGAINS
BY
J. BUXBAUM & CO.
Two Doors from Court House.
*Charlotte, N. C.*

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YANKEE NOTIONS!
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AND OTHER ARTICLES
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jy 14–6m. 24

300 ACRES in Nurseries, Peach Trees & small Fruit Plants. Send stamp for descriptive and instructive catalogue. N. BARNARD, Sell Pond, Kent county, Md.

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(EAVES' BUILDING—UP STAIRS.)

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Plan and specification &c., made known on day of letting.

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GATHER AND SAVE MONEY BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE!!

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We will buy all the fruit offered for sale, and will give the highest price.

J. A. MILLER & CO.
82–tf.

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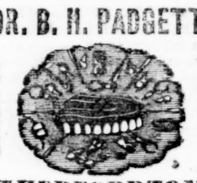


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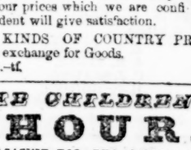


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R. M. ROBINSON,
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Watchmakers and Jewellers,
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Agents for the AMERICAN WATCH CO., and first class SWISS and ENGLISH WATCHES. Diamonds bought and sold. Silver Ware in great variety. Plated ware of our own manufacture. Fine Jewelry of every description. Articles sent to all parts of the country free of expense,

The Best Silver Watch in the Country for $30.

SILVER AMERICAN WATCHES,
$40, $45, $50, $60, $85.
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A copy given to Pastors. For conditions, address

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And 148 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
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### Town Ordinances.

1. Be it ordained by the Commissioners of Rutherfordton, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That a tax be, and the same is hereby laid of 15 cents on each One Hundred Dollars worth of real taxable property within the limits of said Town, for the year 1868, according to the assessment of 1868.
2. Be it further ordained That all persons liable to pay tax within the corporation be required to deliver to the Town Mayor on or before the 15th day of May, 1868, a list of all real taxable property for which they may be liable.—Any person failing to render such list shall be liable to a double tax, and the Mayor is hereby authorised to enforce this ordinance strictly according to Law.
3. Be it further ordained, That all the male citizens within the incorporate limits of said Town, liable by law to work on public roads, be and they are hereby required to work on the public streets and roads in the corporate limits of said Town six days in the year or forfeit to the Mayor one dollar for each day they fail. Provided, That in the discretion of the Mayor such service may be rendered by substitute.
4. Be it further ordained, That the Mayor shall have power to divide the hands liable to work the streets and roads into companies, and order them to work on the streets or roads at any time or place he may deem necessary.—Provided, That he cannot require them to work more than six days in the year.
5. Be it further ordained, That any person who shall ride or hitch any horse, or other animal, on the side walks of the streets of the Town shall forfeit and pay a fine of One Dollar for the first and Two Dollars for each additional offence, to be collected and expended as other taxes for improvement of the Town.
6. Be it further ordained, That a tax of Twenty-Five Dollars be and is hereby levied on all retailers of Spirituous Liquors in quantities less than five gallons, Provided the sale of liquors by regular Physicians, strictly for medicinal purposes, shall be excepted from the operation of this ordinance.
7. Be it further ordained, That a tax of Five Dollars be laid upon all itenerant persons not residents of said county, who shall offer for sale any Goods, Wares or Merchandise within the limits of said Town.
8. Be it further ordained, That a tax of Ten Dollars be imposed for the exhibition of Equestrian and Menagerie performances, and a tax of Five Dollars is imposed upon all Shows generally known as Side-Shows, Slight-of-Hand, Magic Lanterns, or other exhibitions for pay, for each day or night shown or exhibited within the corporation.
9. Be it further ordained, That a fine of One Dollar be and is hereby imposed on *all* persons who shall discharge fire arms of any kind within the incorporation, except that portion of said incorporation lying east of the branch, east of said Town.

J. M. JUSTICE, *T. M.*
J. B. CARPENTER, *Clerk.*


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A BOOK FOR THE TIMES.

*An Unanswered and Unanswerable Exposition of the Nature and Theory of our Government.*

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The Star

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